









Pre/Post Example of Big Bubble DALK



 KCN: Old Mantra

 Diagnose
 Monitor
 Spec. CL
 PKP/DALK

 Image: A constrained of the second of the sec

































Culture Club

- 51 y/o Caucasian male referred for corneal ulcer
- Patient complains of blurry and foggy vision, discomfort, and redness OS
- H/o soft contact lens wear
- Drops: OTC anti-histamine
- Started on tobramycin q2h OS

25



26

Bacterial Keratitis: Risk Factors

- Contact lens wear #1
- Nonsurgical trauma
- Surgical trauma
- Lid dysfunction
- Ocular surface disease
- Corneal epithelial abnormalities
- Systemic diseases
- Topical medications

27

Indications for Cultures

- Hyperacute conjunctivitis
- Neonatal conjunctivitis
- Post-operative infections Chronic conjunctivitis

Equipment Slit lamp

Culture media

Alcohol lamp

• Microscopy slides

• Sterile Kimura spatula • #15 Blade, sterile

Calcium alginate swab

- Central corneal ulcers
- Membranous / Pseudoconjunctivitis
- Post-traumatic infections • Marginal infiltration / ulceration
- Atypical external disease
- Severe dry eye
- Bullous keratopathy
- Axial and severe keratitis
- Preseptal / Orbital cellulitis



28

+ Ulcers with $\underline{\mathbf{2}}$ or more infiltrates • <u>a</u> mm or more in diameter

Work-up

• Slit lamp examination

 Photodocumentation • Culture - Rules of 1-2-3

Within <u>1</u> mm of visual axis

History





 Anesthetize the cornea Preservative-free tetracaine

- Scrape ulcer base / leading edge of infiltrate
- Place specimen on slide, then culture media Smears – fixing organisms to be stained / observed
 Culture – microbial growth
- Sterilize spatula over flame between slides / cultures

31













Dx: Acanthamoeba Ulcer

Biguanide/PHMBG 9-11x/day

• Day #2: epithelium debridement and subconj. Gentamicin

Added Bactrim DS 1 PO BID along with Polyhexamethyline

• Day 1: Initial treatment?

injection

38





Bacterial Keratitis

Acanthamoeba

- Fungal Keratitis
- Contact Lens Associated Keratitis
- Dry Eye Syndrome

- Early stages- topical antibiotics
- Cationic antiseptics- polyhexamehtylene biguanide (PHMB)
- Combination therapy with a diamidine chlorhexidine
- Debridement of tissue
- Penetrating keratoplasty
- Steroids?

http://www.rwiewofophthalmology.com/article/acanthamoeba-a-dangerous-pathogen sereto-Moniee, lacobet si: "An update on Acarthamoeba-keratitic diagnosis, pathogenesi anneum" Anneulo-Minis Tenced uni 27 (2011): 16

41

Back to Patient...

- All satellite lesions healed ~15 days following initial evaluation
- · Cryopreserved AM was inserted at 1 month visit
- Patient continued to improve; PHMG was tapered weekly (7x/week, 6x/week,5x/week, 4x/week, etc.)

43

Case It's a Whorl of a Day

- 30 year old woman complains of decreased vision. Pt wearing CL for the last 16 years. Occasionally sleeps in CL. Pt also notes her eyes are itchy and feels like her allergies have worsened since last appointment. • BCVA OD 20/40 OS 20/50
 - · Corneal staining shows whorl like pattern in both eyes

44

Limbal Stem Cell Deficiency

- · Limbal stem cells help to regulate the renewal of stratified non-keratinized corneal epithelium
 - When these cells are damaged or destroyed LSCE can occur • Eventual conjunctivalization of the cornea

• Signs and symptoms

LSCD

- Neovascularization Persistent epithelial defects
- Chronic pain • Conjunctivilization of the
- cornea
- Decreased vision

46

LSCD

- Congenital causes
- Aniridia
 Ectodermal dysplasia
- Acquired (more common)
- Typically inflammatory related
 Contact lens overwear

 - Toxicity from topical medications
 Severe dry eye
 - Chemical injury

 - Thermal injuryStevens Johnson syndrome
 - Mucous membrane pemphigoid

LSCD

Treatment

- Remove offending agent if possible Decrease inflammation
- Topical steroids

 Grafts vs topical drops Surgical limbal stem cell transplantation

- Oral omega-3 fatty acid supplements
 Oral omega-3 fatty acid supplements
 Orclosporine or lifitigrast
 Amniotic membrane

49

Case Another Dry Eye Patient

• The 84 year old, AA female presents for 3-4 month DES check (no touch) and MMP-9 testing. Pt has a h/o DES and POAG mild OU. Pt states OS>OD has some itching. Pt states she has only been using her cyclosporine 0.05% and AT's. She never picked up fluoromethalone drops and is not using AT's ointment or a heat mask.

Neurotrophic Keratitis: Etiology

1. Infectious: HSV, VZV, leprosy

- CN V palsy

 Surgery for trigeminal neuralgia, neoplasia (acoustic neuroma), aneurysm, facial trauma, congenital, familial dysautonomia (Riley-Day syndrome), Goldenhar-Gorlin syndrome, Möbius syndrome, familial corneal hypesthesia
- Topical medications: anesthetic abuse
- Iatrogenic: LASIK/PRK, corneal incisions (RK, AK), contact lens wear, scleral bands, vitrectomy and photocoagulation to treat diabetic retinopathy^{1,} Chemical and physical burns
- Systemic: DM, multiple sclerosis, Vit A deficiency Increasing age, chronic DED³
- 1. Banerjee PJ. JAMA ophthalmology 2014;132:750-2 2. Tinley CG, Eye 2009;23:1819-23 3. Ocul Surf. 2007 Apr;5(2):75-92.

55

56

63

- Blood drawn via 18 gauge needle 40 mL blood collected into blood tubes
- Blood set aside to clot at room temperature for two hours, then centrifuged at 5600 rpm for 10 minutes
- Serum filtered to remove fibrin strands before mixing with saline
- Typically start with 20% AS up to 50%
- Unopened bottles stored in freezer up to 3 months; open bottles in refrigerator for 48 hours
 Potential for safe refrigerator storage for up to 1 month

Vital Tears???

Thank You!!

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